Technical and Political Issues With Alternatives to Undersea Cables

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slide- 1

Problems with using Undersea Cables for Internet Service

- ◆ installation cost
- ◆ construction duration
- ◆ limited reach
- ◆ relatively low capacity
- ◆ inflexible after installation
- history of telco management

Telco Background

- pre-buy cable slots
 normally through telco consortium
- ◆ big \$\$ to play in the game
- ◆ price based on assumption of use for voice
- ◆ generally blind to data needs

slide-3

Alternatives to Undersea Cables

- point to point radio need mid-sea platforms or sky hooks
- worm hole routing next generation
- ◆ satellites
 - = sky hooks

Types of Satellite-Based Systems

◆ geosynchronous (GEO) 36,000 Km



◆ Middle Earth Orbit (MEO)
 16,000 - 25,000 Km

◆ Low Earth Orbit (LEO)



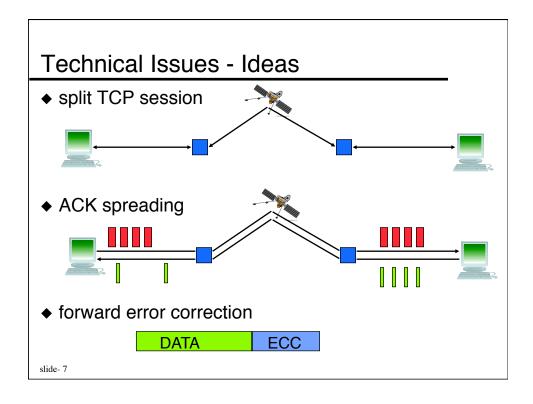
slide- 5

Technical Issues

◆ latency

geo - >500 msec rtt meo & geo - variable, 20-160 msec rtt tracking satellite as it passes overhead deep space ...

- ◆ large bandwidth-delay product lots of data "in flight"
- transport reliability
 high(er) non-congestion related packet loss
- asymmetric use
 e.g. telephone for return path
- intermittent connectivity when switching between satellites



Technical Issues - Ideas, contd.

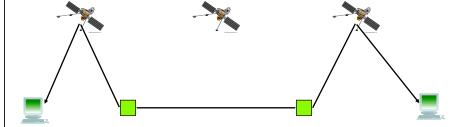
- larger initial window2 or 4 packets vs. 1
- turn off delayed ACKs during slow-start always ack received data rather than every other
- use T/TCP bypass 3-way handshake
- ◆ congestion experienced notification
- ◆ TCP pacing
- ◆ TCP spoofing
- . . .

Political Issues

 two operational models ground <-> satellite only with intersatellite

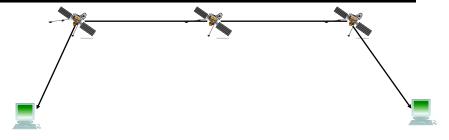
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W/O Intersatellite



- ◆ communications through "normal" ground stations
- ◆ local government gets control point
- ◆ local government gets taxing point

With Intersatellite



- ◆ communications bypass in-country ground station
- ◆ local government loses taxing and control point humm, LEO is not that far up...