# IETF Structure and Internet Standards Process

Scott Bradner 57th IETF Vienna, Austria



#### **Note Well**

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being worked on: more later



#### The IETF

Internet Engineering Task Force
formed 1986
other standards groups cooperate with, imitate or
fear the IETF (but some still ignore it)
not important enough for a long time - good!!
not government approved - great!!
people not companies

"rough consensus and running code"



#### **IETF: Meta View**

Internet standards R us does not exist, no members, no voting 1,200 to 2K at 3/year meetings, NK on mail lists 1,570 & 1679 last 2 meetings 130ish working groups (where the stuff happens) 8 areas (for organizational convenience) with ADs APS, GEN, INT, O&M, RTG, SEC, SUB, TSV management: IESG (ADs, chosen by community) architectural guidance & liaisons: IAB produces standards



# IETF "Standards"

standards only when people use them

no formal recognition

no submitting to "traditional" bodies some keep trying to help



# **Relationships:**

liaisons / representatives

ITU-T, ISO study groups, ATM Forum ...

share people with other organizations

more effective than formal liaisons but confuse other standards organizations

growing area but culture clash

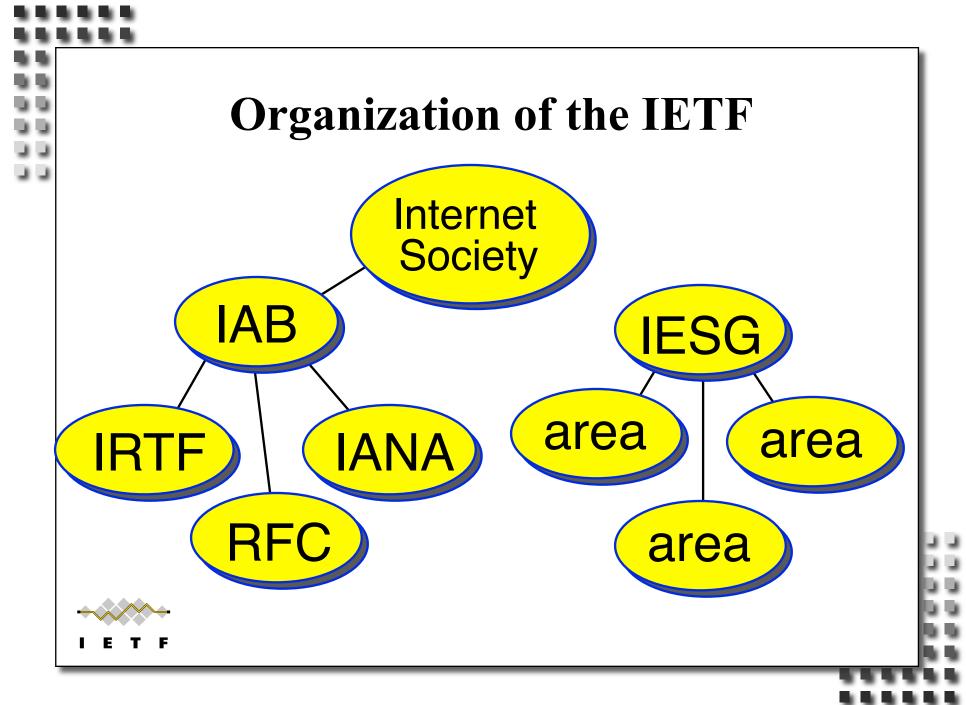
IETF is mostly bottoms up can have competing architectural models

new-work mailing list

to pre announce new working groups and BOFs for representatives of other standards groups



working on liaison statement process



# **Internet Society (ISOC)**

non-profit, non-governmental, international, professional membership organization

150 organization and 14,000 individual members in over 180 nations

provides legal umbrella & insurance

ISOC BoT part of appeal chain

ISOC president appoints chair of nomcom

IAB chartered by ISOC

ISOC president is on the IAB list & calls

IETF (through IAB) appoints 3 ISOC trustees



join at www.isoc.org

# Internet Research Task Force (IRTF)

#### focused on long term problems in Internet

Anti-Spam

Authentication Authorization Accounting Architecture

Crypto Forum

Delay-Tolerant Networking

End-to-End

**Group Security** 

Internet Measurement

**Network Management** 

NameSpace

Peer-to-Peer

Routing

Searchable Internet Resource Names

Services Management

I E T F

# **Internet Architecture Board (IAB)**

provides overall architectural advice
to IESG, IETF & ISOC
advises IESG on IETF working group formation
deals with IETF external liaisons
appoints IRTF chair
selects IETF-IANA
oversees RFC Editor
hosts workshops
chartered by ISOC



# Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA)

assigns parameters and keeps them from colliding

protocol numbers

IP addresses

mostly delegated to IP Address registries

domain names

mostly delegated to DNS name registries

#### functions split with the creation of ICANN

Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers independent corporation to take over IANA functions contract with US government

now IETF-IANA and non-IETF-IANA



I E T F

#### **RFC Editor**

was Jon Postel et al
now et al
rfc-editor@rfc-editor.org
funded by the Internet Society
semi-independent

gets requests to publish IETF IDs from IESG
also gets requests to publish independent IDs for info or exp RFCs
asks IESG for advice on publishing independent RFCs
but can exercise own discretion
presumption is to publish technically competent IDs
which sometimes is a conflict with IESG



#### **IETF Chair**

also chair of IESG
selected by nomcom
director of General Area
ex officio member of IAB
"Chief Talking (and traveling) Officer"



# Area Directors (ADs)

selected by nomcom
most Areas have 2 ADs
responsible for setting direction in Area
responsible for managing process in Area
approve BOFs & working groups
then go to IESG & IAB for final approval
reviews working group documents



# Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG)

ADs + IETF Chair
IETF process management and approval body
approves WG creation
reviews & approves publication of IETF documents
reviews and comments on non-IETF submissions
multi-disciplinary technical review group
IESG plenary session



#### **IETF Secretariat**

located physically

Foretec - Reston Virginia

funded from IETF meeting fees

#### runs

plenary meetings

mailing lists

Internet-Draft directory

IESG teleconferences

#### coordinates

day to day work of IESG and working groups



# Selecting IETF Management

IESG & IAB members normally have 2-year terms picked by a nominations committee (nomcom) nomcom chair appointed by ISOC president

members selected randomly from list of volunteers volunteers have to have been at 2 of last 3 IETF meetings very random selection process (RFC 2777)

get list of jobs to fill
IETF chair, IESG & IAB members

nominate one person for each job

IESG approved by IAB, IAB approved by ISOC BoT



#### **Dots**

- IAB member (red)
- IESG member (yellow)
- Working Group chair (blue)
- nomcom (orange)
- local host (green)



# **Working Groups**

this is where the IETF primarily get its work done working group focused by charter agreed between chair and area director

restrictive charters with milestones

working groups closed when their work is done

charter approved by IESG with IAB advice AD with IESG has final say on charter & chair(s)



# Working Groups (continued)

"Rough consensus and running code..."

can do show of hands or hum - but no count does not require unanimity disputes resolved by discussion mailing list and face-to-face meetings final decisions must be verified on mailing list taking into account face-to-face discussion



#### **IETF Documents**

#### all open

#### Internet-Drafts

anyone can submit - "expire" in 6 monthssome I-Ds are working group documents

#### RFCs (stands for "RFC")

archival publications (never changed once published)
different types: (not all RFCs are standards!)
informational, experimental, BCP, standards track, historic

#### 3-step standards track

Proposed Standard, Draft Standard, Internet Standard

interoperability not conformance



#### What is a RFC?

RFC used to stand for Request for Comments

now just a name

tend to be more formal documents than early RFCs

IETF document publication series

RFC 1 Host Software - Apr 7 1969

now over 3400 RFCs

not all RFCs are standards!

see RFC 1796

though some vendors imply otherwise

many types of RFCs



# **RFC Repository Contains:**

standards track

OSPF, IPsec

obsolete Standards

RIPv1

requirements

**Host Requirements** 

policies

Classless InterDomain Routing

April fool's day jokes

IP on Avian Carriers

poetry

'Twas the night before startup

white papers

On packet switches with infinite storage

corporate documentation

Ascend multilink protocol (mp+)

experimental history

Netblt

process documents

**IETF Standards Process** 



# **Working Papers**

#### **Internet-Draft**

random or non-random thoughts
input to the process or for information
no admissions control other than boilerplate (see IPR)
zapped from IETF directory after 6 months
but many mirrors exist
all RFCs must pre-exist as IDs
other than some IANA or RFC Editor created ones



#### **Standards Track RFCs:**

```
Best Current Practices (BCP)
generally policies or procedures (best way we know how)
Proposed Standard (PS)
good idea, no known problems

Draft Standard (DS)
stable
multiple interoperable implementations
note IPR restriction

Internet Standard (STD)
wide use
```



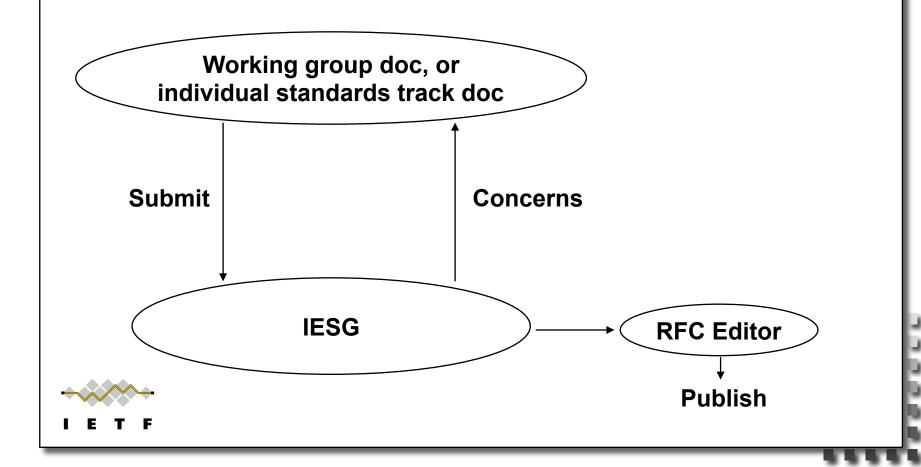
but this is theory

#### **IETF Standards Process**

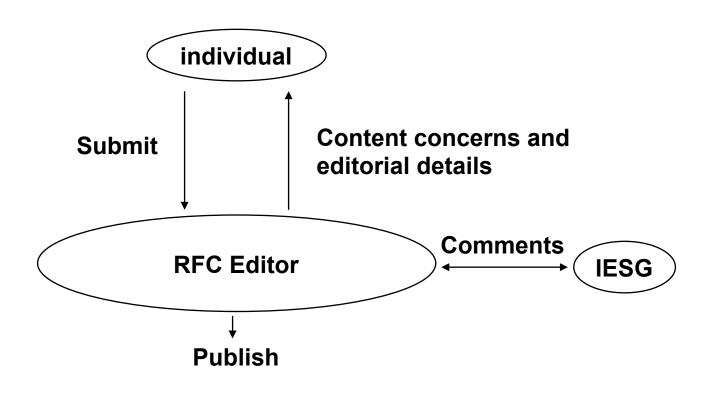
specification published as Internet Draft
discussed in a working group - creates revised IDs
ID sent to IESG after working group consensus
IESG issues IETF "Last-Call" (2 weeks)
anyone can comment
IESG considers comments and its own review
may approve publication as standards track RFC
may point out issues to working group & return ID
also process for non-WG proposals (but 4-week LC)



## **IETF Submissions**

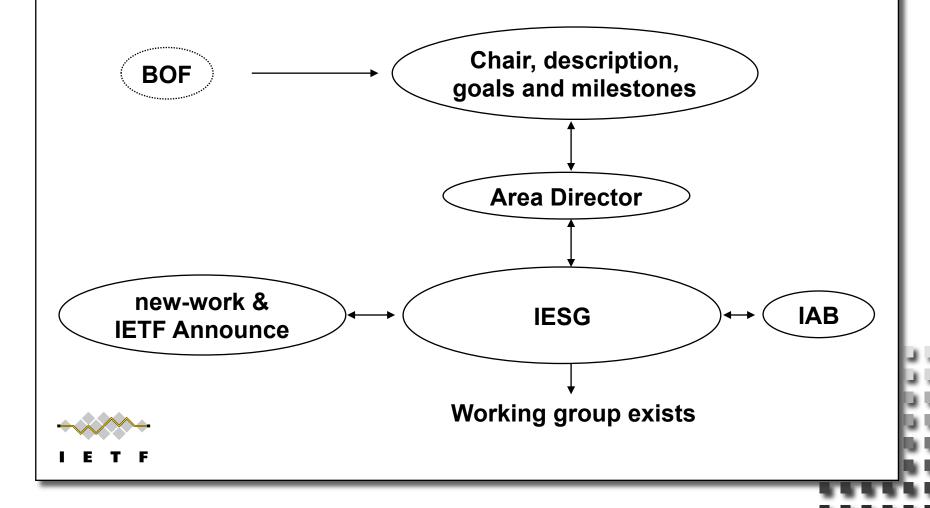


## **Non-IETF Submissions**





# **Working Group Creation**



## **Appeals Process**

IETF decisions can be appealed
start appeal at level above issue

1st to WG chair
then to Area Director
then to IESG
then to IAB
if claim is that the process (and not the
implementation of the process) is broken, then
an appeal can be made to the ISOC Board



# IPR (patents)

IETF IPR rules in RFC 2026 Section 10 currently working on clarifying these rules in ipr working group

current IETF rules

require disclosure of own IPR in own submissions submissions of others

"reasonably and personally" known IPR

WG takes IPR into account when choosing technology push from open source people for RF-only process consensus to not change to RF-only

but WGs tend to want RF or IPR-free



# Copyright

author(s) need to give publication rights to ISOC (IETF) if to be published at all

but authors retain most rights

mandatory ID boilerplate statement

1/ subject to RFC 2026 Section 10

2/ above but no right to produce derivative works

3/ just publish as ID

IPR WG will clarify copyright rules also draft of changes about to given IETF Last-Call



#### **IETF Areas**

#### IETF Chair & AD for General Area

Harald Alvestrand <chair@ietf.org>

#### Applications (app)

Ned Freed <ned.freed@mrochek.com>
Ted Hardie <hardie@qualcomm.com>

#### Internet (int)

Thomas Narten <narten@us.ibm.com> ??

#### Operations & Management (ops)

Randy Bush <randy@psg.com>
Bert Wijnen <br/>
<br/>
bwijnen@lucent.com>



## **IETF Areas (cont.)**

#### Routing (rtg)

Bill Fenner <fenner@research.att.com>
Alex Zinin <zinin@psg.com>

#### Security (sec)

Steve Bellovin <smb@research.att.com>
Russ Housley <housley@vigilsec.com>

#### SUB-IP (sub) - Ad Hoc Area

Bert Wijnen <br/>
<br/>
Swijnen@lucent.com>
<br/>
Alex Zinin <zinin@psg.com>

#### Transport Services (tsv)

Allison Mankin <mankin@psg.com>
Jon Peterson <jon.peterson@neustar.biz>



# go forth and participate!